Steps to Proper Transformer Selection

- 1. What power is available (you need to know both voltage & frequency)?
- 2. Check the operating voltage of your equipment (is it single voltage or multiple?).
- 3. What line frequency will your equipment run on? Either 50, 60 or dual 50/60 Hz. (remember, a transformer can NOT change line frequency).
- 4. Use the chart below to determine your requirements:

Power Available		Your Equipment		Transformer Type Required	
Voltage	Frequency	Voltage	Frequency	(You may also need plug adaptors)	
115	60	100	50/60	Step Down	
115	50	115	50	None Required - or - Straight Isolation	
115	50	115	60	Will Not Work	
115	50	115/230	50/60	None Required - or - Straight Isolation	
115	60	115	60	None Required - or - Straight Isolation	
115	60	230	50	Will Not Work	
115	60	230	60	Step Up	
115	60	115/230	50/60	None Required - or - Straight Isolation	
230	50	115	50	Step Down	
230	50	115	60	Will Not Work	
230	50	115/230	50/60	None Required - or - Straight Isolation	
230	60	115	60	Step Down	
230	60	230	50	Will Not Work	
230	60	230	60	None Required - or - Straight Isolation	
230	60	115/230	50/60	None Required - or - Straight Isolation	

- 5. Determine if your equipment is Electronic or Electrical:
 - Electronic = containing IC chips, transistors or a circuit such as a radio, shavers, electric toothbrush, computer printers, camcorder battery rechargers etc...(if in doubt, check with the manufacturer or refer to your manual).
 Electrical = Simple heating device, such as irons, hair dryers, electric blankets, curling irons, etc...
 - Use the chart below to locate correct series & voltage conversion in the catalog series that follow:

Transformer Type (determined from	Your Equipment Type				
chart above)	Electronic	Electrical			
Step Up	Use Isolation (series 298)	Could use "Auto" (series 170 or 170E)			
Step Down	Use Isolation (series 172, 179 or 289)	Could use "Auto" (series 175)			
Straight Isolation	Use Isolation (series 169 or 171)	-			

IMPORTANT NOTES

Isolation Transformers: Used for maximum safety, versatility (can be used on both electrical & electronic equipment) and isolation from the power source, used to step-up, step-down or for straight isolation. The disadvantage to using them is weight (about double the "Auto"), more expensive and larger size. This type of transformer is sometimes referred to as "double-wound"

"Auto" Transformers: are non-isolating units and should be used where only a voltage change is required. The advantages to using them are light weight (generally half that of an isolation unit), less expensive and smaller size. The disadvantage is no isolation from the power source. This type of transformer is sometimes referred to as a "converter".

Adaptors: We strongly recommend that 3-prong "grounded" plugs be used with all of our products. They should be used only with our "grounded" adaptors. Adaptors do not affect voltages, they are a mechanical device only to match foreign "pin-outs" of receptacles and/or plugs.

6.

Isolation - Step Down



Plug In (172 & 289 Series)



LINE ISOLATION - STEP DOWN PLUG-IN TRANSFORMERS (230V to 115V)

- Primary 230VAC, 50/60 Hz. Secondary 115VAC
- Circuit breaker in primary.
- Provides circuit isolation & steps down primary voltage.
- · Hi-pot tested to 2 KV RMS.
- Electrostatic shield between primary & secondary.
- Input (primary) connected to a 5 foot long cord & North American 250V, 3-wire grounded plug (NEMA 6-15P).
- Output (secondary) connected to a 1 foot long cord & standard North American 125V, 3-wire grounded receptacle (NEMA 5-15R).
- North American Mark of Safety C UL & UL listed (File #E211544).
- Remember These units do NOT convert line frequency

Part	Capacity		Wt.				
No.	VA	Α	В	С	D	E	Lbs.
172A	100	3.80	5.06	4.68	3.00	3.38	6.5
172B	200	3.80	5.56	4.68	3.00	3.88	8.5
172D	500	3.80	7.06	4.68	3.00	5.38	18.5
172E	750	4.40	8.70	5.39	3.50	6.78	30.0
172F	1000	5.28	7.75	6.38	4.25	4.38	34.5

LINE ISOLATION - TOROIDAL STEP DOWN - PLUG IN (240V to 120V)

- Primary 240VAC, 50/60 Hz., Secondary 120VAC.
- Provides circuit isolation.
- Toroidal transformer for high isolation, low noise, light weight, cool operation and low profile.
- World wide applications, 50 or 60 Hz. operation, step down (240VAC to 120 VAC).
- Standard 3-wire, grounded plug (for use with adaptors for proper grounding).
- Input (primary) connected to a 5 foot long cord & standard 250V 2 pole, 3 wire - North American plug (NEMA 6-15P).
- Output (secondary) connected to two standard 125V, 3-wire grounded receptacles (NEMA 5-15R).
- Features include ventilated black steel case, rocker lighted on-off switch & circuit breaker protected output.
- North American Mark of Safety C UL & UL listed (File #E211544)
- Remember These units do NOT convert line frequency





Part No	Capacity	# of Outlets	Dimensions (Inches)			
Fall NO.	VA		Length	Width	Height	
289CT	250	2	8.25	6.00	4.00	
289DT	500	2	9.00	6.00	4.00	
289ET	750	2	10.25	7.50	5.00	
289FT	1000	2	10.25	7.50	5.00	
289GT	1500	2	12.50	9.00	5.00	